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MITCHAM PRIMARY SCHOOL MITCHAM, VICTORIA



- We both work at Mitcham Primary School in Mitcham, Victoria
- This year our roles are:
 - Renee Numeracy Intervention and Extension Specialist teacher
 - Lauren Grade 5/6 Classroom Teacher and Numeracy Learning Specialisi

in this session...

Why we chose Number Talks

What are Number Talks compared to Maths Talks

How to run a Number Talk

What is a number string and what they look like in the classroom

What Number Talks look like in the classroom

Selecting Number Talks

Resources

Catering to the junior school

Evidence of impact

Questions

VERY SHORT survey

number talks

- →As a school, we have good Numeracy NAPLAN Data, however we identified that we could be doing more.
- → A focus for us was to improve Number Sense of our students and boost the profile of the proficiencies in whole school teaching and learning.
- Number Talks are a simple but effective way of achieving this improvement.



number talk and maths talk

"Classroom conversations around purposefully crafted computation problems that are solved mentally"

(Parrish, p xviii)

"A respectful but engaged conversation in which students can clarify their own thinking and learn from others through talk"

(Chapin, p 5)

number talks

Number Talks are short discussions among students about how to solve a particular **mental math problem**. The focus is on **all the possible methods** of finding the answer.



- Number Talks allow students to use mathematical language skills to explain, explore and build their understanding of foundational mathematics concepts.
- "Number sense is caught, not taught!"
- Christina Tondevold, Build Maths Minds

number talks

- → Set up an open and collaborative environment
- → Introduce the prompt and start to gather responses
- → Allow students to extend their own understanding
- → Give everyone time to reflect on the learning



the environment



In a class, this approach involves having students participate in a focused conversation around the whiteboard or any other surface that can help them bring together and expand on the ideas that are developed throughout the conversation.

the prompt and responses

The teacher will ask students to explain their understanding of a prompt, which can be pictographic or numerical. **Allow students thinking time.**



Teacher asks for answers and records them on the board.

Teacher now **asks for strategies**. If more than one answer, the students state which answer they are defending and explain their method.

Students are able to show that they **agree** with their peers when they have the same strategy.

Students can also make **comments** to their peers.

showing responses

- I am ready and thinking
- I have an answer and a strategy
- I have another strategy
- I agree
- I would like to make a comment









extend understanding

HOW?

Allow students to extend their own understanding by challenging when they say "I just knew it".

The students can also look for the most efficient strategy.

time to reflect

Give everyone time to reflect on the learning that they've developed as a group by linking back to the strategy and any previous strategies that the students have been exposed to.





- \rightarrow Problems are related, one problems can lead into the other.
- \rightarrow Start with a problem you know most students can answer quickly.
- \rightarrow Once unpacked and all the class agrees, then you put up the next problem.
- \rightarrow Then once the second problems is completed, you present the third, which links to the first two.
- \rightarrow The reflection question then becomes...

"How can you see what you learnt in the first problem to help me solve the second problem."

this is what a number string can look like



number sentences

operations

fractions

decimals

percentages

negative numbers

this is what a number talk can look like





this is what a number talk can look like

in a jiffy!

let's try one

- 1. Present prompt (thinking time).
- 2. Gage student responses (thumbs up).
- 3. Record answers only.
- 4. Students share strategies and teacher records, asking for clarification where needed. Preferable to use a different colour per response. Students can use the 'me too' gesture to show that they agree or used the same strategy.
- 5. Close the Number Talk with a quick reflection.









choosing your students

A Number Talk should be pitched slightly below the level of the class, to enable students to verbalise their thinking more easily. Number Strings are great ways to reach the different abilities and scaffold the learning for students.

There are specific Number Talks that lend themselves to particular strategies.

You may spend approximately a week on a strategy, however you may need less or more, depending on the needs of your grade.

MPS has a scope and sequence for our staff. It looks like <u>this</u>.



Number Talks Scope and Sequence

	Term 1	Term 2	Term 3	Term 4
<u>For each year level:</u> The above rows are for the type/focus of Number Talk and the below rows are the strategies you should be using. It is approximately 1 week per strategy, unless you as a teacher, feel that your grade needs more time on a particular strategy.				
3/4	Addition Doubles (+) Near doubles (+) Add up in chunks (+) Place value (+) Compensation (+) Making friendly numbers (+) Make a ten (+)	Multiplication Friendly numbers (x) Doubling and halving (x) Repeated addition (x) Partial products (x) Breaking factors into smaller factors (x)	Subtraction & Division Removal (-) Constant difference (-) Adjust one number (-) Place value (-) Repeated subtraction (÷) Partial quotient (÷) Multiplying up (÷)	Revise any strategies that have not yet been covered. THEN Free choice Maths Talks *Instant Multiple Splat *Colour Splat *Instant 2 Colour Splat
5/6	Addition & Multiplication Add up in chunks (+) Making friendly numbers (+) Place value (+) Compensation (+) Friendly numbers (x) Doubling and halving (x) Repeated addition (x) Partial products (x) Breaking factors into smaller factors (x)	Subtraction & Division Removal (-) Constant difference (-) Adjust one number (-) Place value (-) Repeated subtraction (÷) Partial quotient (÷) Multiplying up (÷)	Fractions, decimals and Percentages Reasoning (/) Operations (/) Addition/multiplication (.) Subtraction/division (.) Comparing/finding (%) Converting (%) Connecting fractions, decimals and percentages	Revise any strategies that have not yet been covered. THEN Free choice Maths Talks *Fraction Splat *Multiple Splat with Fractions *Instant 2 Variable Splat

to comb through

Splat! Steve Wyborney

Which One Doesn't Belong MTBOS and Christopher Danielson

Number Talks Hand Symbols TheKellyTeachingFiles (TPT)

Number Talks Strategies Posters All Sorts Of Maths (TPT)

Discussion starters/prompts Hanging with Miss Hulsey (TPT)

to read

Number Talks Whole Number Computation Grade K – 5 Sherry Parrish

Number Talks Fractions, Decimals and Percentages Sherry Parrish and Ann Dominick

to watch

Jo Boaler Number Talks Sherry Parrish Number Talks

to follow

Mathematical Number Talks Facebook



With Foundation – 2 (and even some Year 3 and 4) students you may use manipulatives to present the Number Talk or to represent their thinking.

Pictorial representation of their thinking is also critical for their level of development.

junior focuses and materials

dots 10 frames number racks doubles and near doubles



Number Talks is based on Sherry Parrish's extensive research

12 month whole school implementation

Formatively we have seen:

- gaps in understanding
- misconceptions about algorithms and traditional written methods
- increased confidence, knowledge and participation in reserved maths learners
- going beyond 'I just knew'
- shift in teacher's role in learning



images sourced from:

The Owl teacher - https://theowlteacher.com/how-to-have-number-talks/

Exit Bee Blog -

https://www.google.com/imgres?imgurl=http%3A%2F%2Fblog.exitbee.com%2Fwp-content%2Fuploads%2F2016%2F03%2Fabout-us.jpg&imgrefurl=http %3A%2F%2Fblog.exitbee.com%2Fhow-to-create-an-about-us-page-that-doesnt-suck%2F&docid=ZgSb8RxT4oMCJM&tbnid=iMxRvZNASPADwM%3A& vet=10ahUKEwjf25y3wfrlAhXSTX0KHYooDlwQMwhkKBIwEg..i&w=3839&h=1745&safe=strict&bih=694&biw=1517&q=about%20us&ved=0ahUKEwjf25y3 wfrlAhXSTX0KHYooDlwQMwhkKBIwEg&iact=mrc&uact=8

The Physical Educator -

https://www.google.com/search?q=why&safe=strict&rlz=1C1GGRV_enNZ751NZ751&tbs=isz:m&tbm=isch&sxsrf=ACYBGNQyJlzItTEwn-GTBpt70BfMr-CP8 Q:1574312458878&source=Int&sa=X&ved=OahUKEwiAyoH3wvrlAhUUb30KHfCVCTkQpwUIIw&biw=1517&bih=694&dpr=0.9#imgrc=ksmk2YDcZH3TsM: This American Life - <u>https://www.thisamericanlife.org/88/numbers</u>

Let the numbers do the talking -

https://www.google.com/search?q=talking+numbers&safe=strict&rlz=1C1GGRV_enNZ751NZ751&tbm=isch&sxsrf=ACYBGNTXBQrdoiCIGkBjpuXUAtnmg3 ordw:1574387847085&source=Int&tbs=isz:l&sa=X&ved=0ahUKEwiX0vTi2_zlAhXpzjgGHTbkAKoQpwUIJA&biw=1517&bih=694&dpr=0.9#imgrc=aRhoGfN ______OmYhGM:

Cyfe - https://www.cyfe.com/blog/10-mistakes-preparing-data-analysis/